





# **CESC** Limited

Investor Update -Q3 FY`16





### Standalone Performance – Q3 FY 2015-16

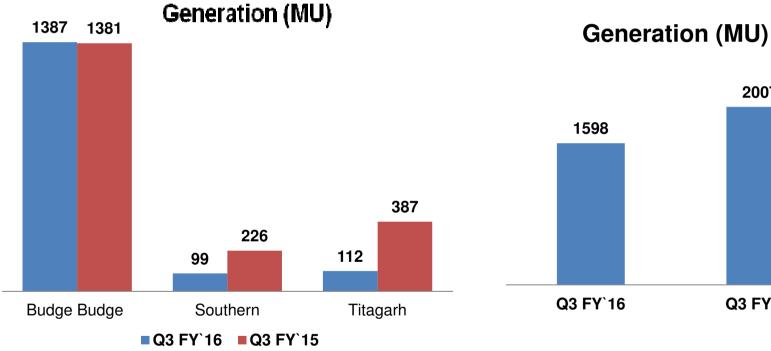
Components	Q3 FY`16	Q3 FY`15	% Change	
<b>Generation (MU)</b>	1598	2007	(20%)	
Total Sales (MU)	2239	1966	14%	
Gross Revenue (Rs Cr.)	1538	1249	23%	
EBIDTA (Rs Cr.)	341	320	6.5%	
Net profit (Rs Cr.)	112	111	1%	

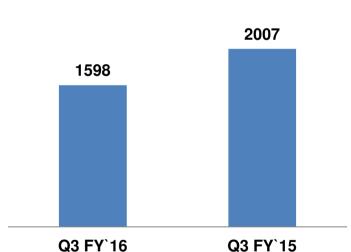
Power Exports stood at 122 MU during the quarter





### Plant wise Generation – Q3 FY 2015-16

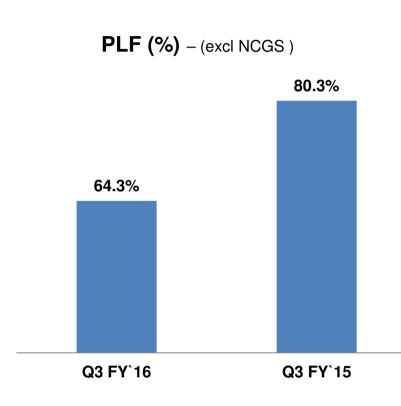








## Plant load factor (PLF) – Q3 FY 2015-16



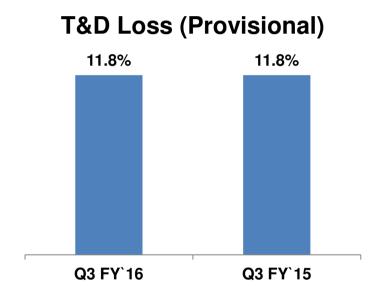
#### Plant wise PLF is given below

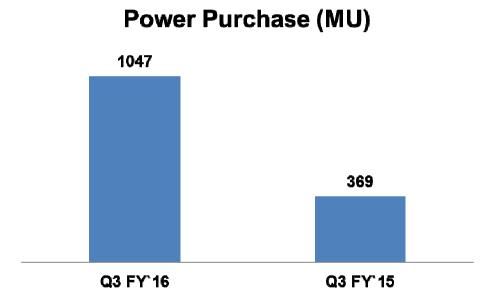
PLF %	Q3 FY`16	Q3 FY`15
Budge Budge	83.8%	83.4%
Southern	33.2%	75.9%
Titagarh	21.1%	73.1%





#### T&D Loss & Power Purchase - Q3 FY 2015-16









### **Status of new Power Projects**

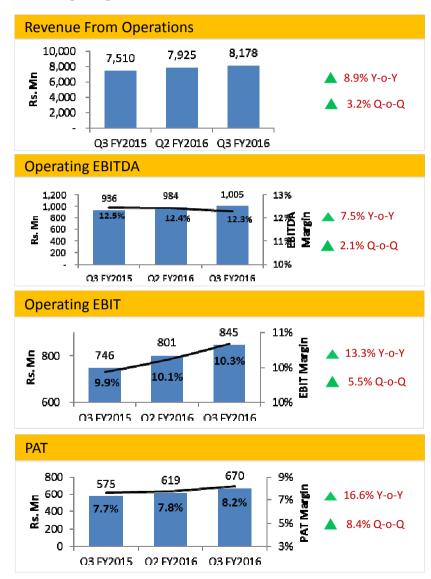
Hal	dia Power Project (300x2 MW TPP in Haldia, West Bengal)
	Power is being supplied to CESC via a dedicated transmission line
	During Q3 FY`16, Haldia TPP achieved a PLF of 76.24% and supplied 918 MU to CESC licensed area
	Haldia Energy Limited has been conferred with 'Dun & Bradstreet's Infra Awards 2015'
	WBERC has issued the tariff order for Haldia TPP
Dha	ariwal Infrastructure Ltd (300x2 MW TPP in Chandrapur, Maharashtra)
	Chandrapur TPP has started supplying 100 MW power to TANGEDCO under long term PPA from 16 <sup>th</sup> Dec 2015. In Q3 FY`16, the plant sold 55 MU power to TANGEDCO and in open market
	Power Supply of 187 MW power under Section 62 of Electricity Act 2003, from Chandrapur TPP to NPCL is being pursued with UPERC.
	The Standing Linkage committee (Long Term) in a meeting held on 27 <sup>th</sup> Jan 2016, has recommended to approve the change in name of DIL subject to statutory & other compliances. This shall enable the company to sign the Fuel Supply Agreement with Coal India
	DIL is actively participating in bids for power sale





#### Firstsource Solutions- Q3 FY2016

(IN INR Million)	Q3 FY 2015	Q2 FY 2016	Q3 FY 2016
Income from services	7,373	7,793	8,009
Other operating Income	138	132	169
Revenue from operations	7,510	7,925	8,178
Personnel and Operating Expense	6,575	6,941	7,173
Operating EBITDA	936	984	1,005
Operating EBITDA %	12.5%	12.4%	12.3%
Depreciation / amortization	189	183	160
Operating EBIT	746	801	845
Operating EBIT %	9.9%	10.1%	10.3%
Other Income / (expense)	(5)	5	15
Interest Income / (expense), net	(143)	(125)	(118)
РВТ	598	680	742
PBT (% of total income)	8.0%	8.6%	9.1%
TBT (70 of total meome)	0.070	0.070	
Taxes and Minority Interest	23	62	72
			72 <b>670</b>







### **Spencer's Retail Footprint – Dec 2015**

Regions	States	TA ('000)	Hypers >15 k	Supers 3k -15k	Dailies <3k	SAS	TOTAL
East	WB	344	12	2	11	0	25
	TOTAL	344	12	2	11	0	25
West	Gujarat	24	1			0	1
	TOTAL	24	1	0	0	0	1
North	East UP	114	3	1	14	0	18
	NCR	207	7	2	5	0	14
	TOTAL	321	10	3	19	0	32
South 1	Kerala	17		1	4	0	5
	T.N	52	1	0	15	0	16
	TOTAL	69	1	1	19	0	21
South 2	Bangalore	43	2		1	0	3
	Coastal A.P	108	4	3	8	0	15
	Hyderabad	257	8	4	12		24
	TOTAL	408	14	7	21	0	42
TOTAL		1166 K	38	13	70	0	121

• TA Hypers – 911 K sft

• TA Supers – 98 K sft

• TA Small stores - 157 K sft





## **Spencer's Retail – Q3 FY'16 Highlights**

	New	Stores openings
		2 Hyper Store opened – West Bengal and NCR
	Imp	provement in Sales
		Average Sales have increased from Rs. 1388/sqft per month in Q3 FY`15 to Rs. 1492/sqft per month in Q3 FY`16, a growth of 7.5%
		Same Stores Sales have increased from Rs.1459/sqft per month in Q3 FY`15 to Rs. 1623/sqft in Q3 FY`16, a growth of 11.2%
		Spencer's Retail has made a store level EBITDA of Rs. 89/sqft per month in Q3 FY`16
		Same Store EBIDTA stood at Rs. 107/sqft per month in Q3 FY`16
Ex	pansi	on Plans:
		Hypers & Supers: 2 New Hyper store is scheduled to open in Q4 FY`16 Spencer`s has planned the commercial launch of the grocery ecommerce platform in Q4 FY`16 in NCR and Kolkata





## **Thank You**

### Cautionary Statement

Statement in this "Management Discussion and Analysis" describing the company's objectives, projections, estimates, expectations or predictions may be "forward looking statements" within the meaning of applicable securities law and regulations. Actual results could differ materially from those expressed or implied. Important factors that could make a difference to the company's operations include demand supply conditions, finished goods prices, availability and prices of raw materials, changes in the government regulations, tax regimes, economic development within India and the countries within which the company conducts business and other factors such as litigations and labour negotiations.